## OPEN LINKED DATA FOR ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION IN SMART REGIONS – THE NEW CHALLENGE FOR THE USE OF ENVIRONMENTAL DATA AND INFORMATION

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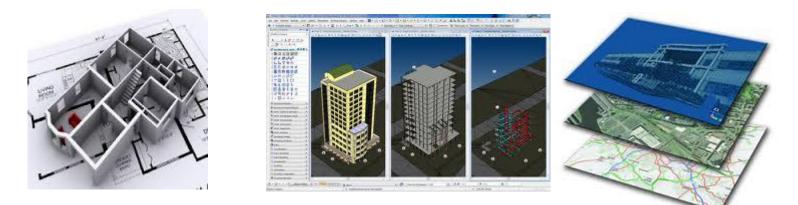
# **Presentation Outline**

- About the project
- Main problems to be solved
- Best practices
- Solutions

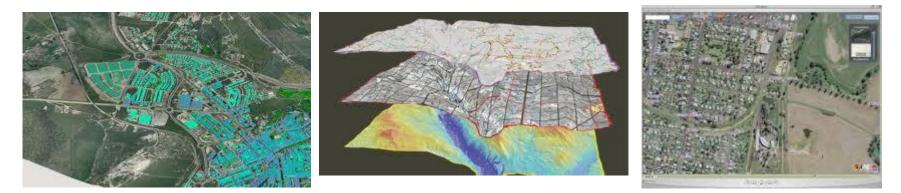


#### «Information is knowledge, information is power, information is security»

Christiane Amanpour, CNN



Nowadays in use of the term "information", very often we mean "spatial" or "geographic information" due to recent global "revolution" in consumer's habits and manner of information consumption – to use images as the most visible evidence instead of (or in combination with) descriptive data.



# **SmartOpenData**

- SmartOpenData = The project «Open Linked Data for environment protection in Smart Regions»
- Funded by European Commission
  - (7FP, ENV.2013.6.5-3)
- \*Duration: 24 months (2013-2015)
- \*16 European organizations from Spain, Ireland, Italy, Czech Republic, Slovakia, Norway, Latvia, Portugal and France



# The main objective

«To develop real (sustainable) proposals for building a Smart Open Data infrastructure for biodiversity and environment protection in European protected areas that satisfy the requirements of four kinds of stakeholders (target users):

#### public bodies

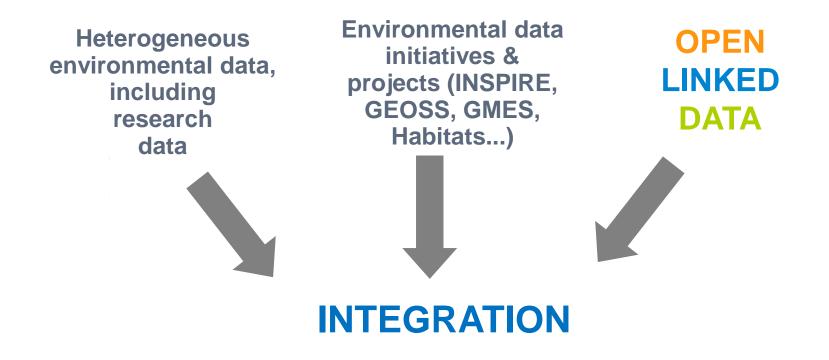
researchers

companies (also SMEs)

citizens»



#### The core objectives



# Integration

Environmental data and related metadata fusion (exploitation, harmonization & integration)

- Application of Linked Open Data (LOD) principles (data models and structures, shared vocabularies /NeoGeo, GEMET.../, unique links, RDF structures...)
- Visualization and publication methods of environmental data based on LOD



- \*can SmartOpenData be applied generally to spatial data resource to public open data portals, GEOSS Data-CORE, GMES, INSPIRE and voluntary data (OpenStreetMap, GEP-WIKI, etc.)?
- \*will it impact economic and sustainability progress in European environment research and biodiversity protection (understanding how to improve)?

\*can we make European Spatial Data also easily re-usable also for non-professionals (various organizations and individuals)?

### On a technical level, the Smart OpenData will

Harmonize geospatial metadata (ISO19115/19119 based) with principles of Semantic Web

Provide spatial data fusion introducing principles of LOD

Improve spatial data visualization of Geospatial LOD

Publish the resulting information according to user requirements and LOD principles

### Most important problems to be solved

Focus on metadataMultilingualism

#### Harmonization of metadata

- Qualitative and "low cost" metadata plays the crucial role as an interface to the spatial content it describes
- In the context of SmartOpenData, metadata serves as the exchange component allowing the bridging of INSPIRE requirements with other spatial worlds
- Metadata will act as the entry point (interface) providing essential information for transformation of spatial data to Resource Description Framework (RDF) structures

# **Multilingualism**

Is among most important problems to be addressed in the context of SmartOpenData

- \*Global problem translation of geographical data and metadata (not yet been solved inside INSPIRE or GEOSS)
- There are two principal approaches to machine translation: rule-based and statistical

Combined methods are also being investigated currently
Concerning environmental and geographical data, there
will be explore resource-limited adaptation to those
domains in the context of SmartOpenData

# **The challenges**

- Discoverability to built strong catalogues of metadata from numerous sources is one of the best ways this can be achieved
- Federation to provide that publishing, and maintaining datasets and data catalogues will become more decentralized and essential for users
- Interoperability catalogues from multiple sources are composed by federation, it becomes more and more important for the platforms that these data catalogues on which they are built be compatible, even if they are built by different providers

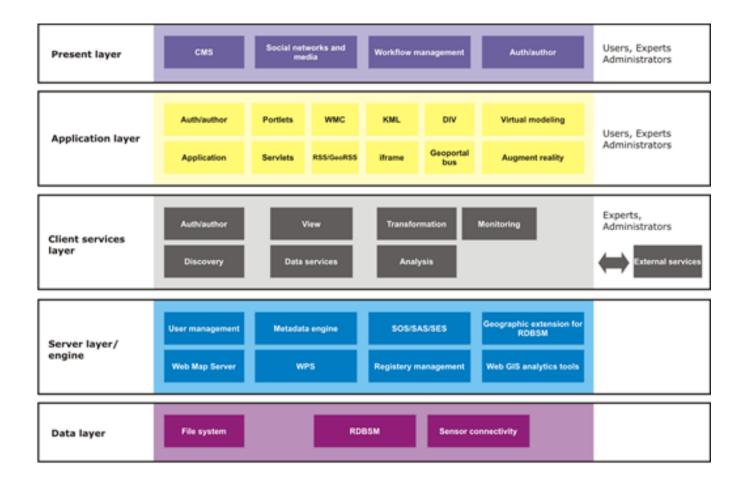
# The pilots

Agroforestry management pilot (Tragsa, Spain)
Environmental research, Biodiversity pilot (MAC, Ireland)
Water monitoring pilot (ARPA, Italy)
Forest sustainability pilot (FMI, Czech Republic)
Environmental data reuse pilot (SAZP, Slovakia)

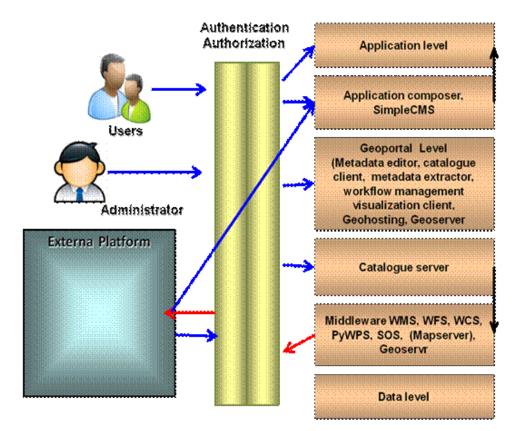
# **Experiences**

- Habitats Habitats (Social Validation of INSPIRE Annex III Data Structures in EU Habitats) related spatial data is critical in the management of Europe's bio-diversity.
   INSPIRE needs work here (Annex III data themes: Sea regions, Bio-geographical regions, Habitats & biotopes, Species distribution)
- \*Plan4business plan4business develops a platform serving multiple providers and thus offering users a full catalogue of planning data such as transport infrastructure, regional plans, urban plans and zoning plans (see <u>http://www.whatstheplan.eu/</u>)

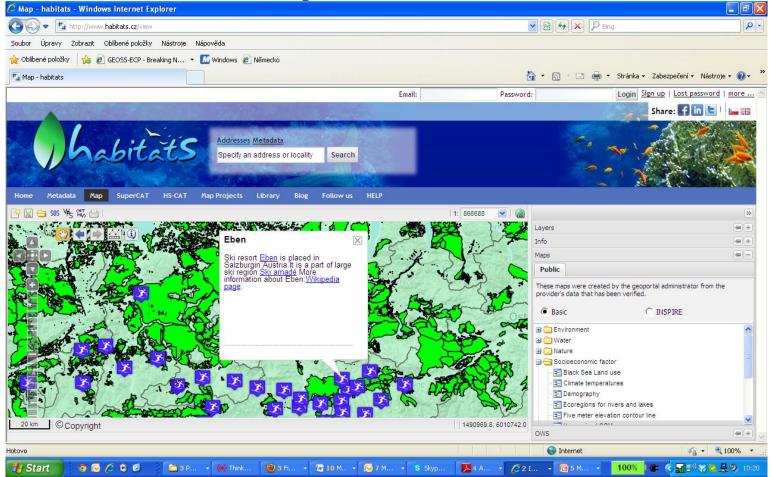
## **Habitats Changing Architecture Paradigm**



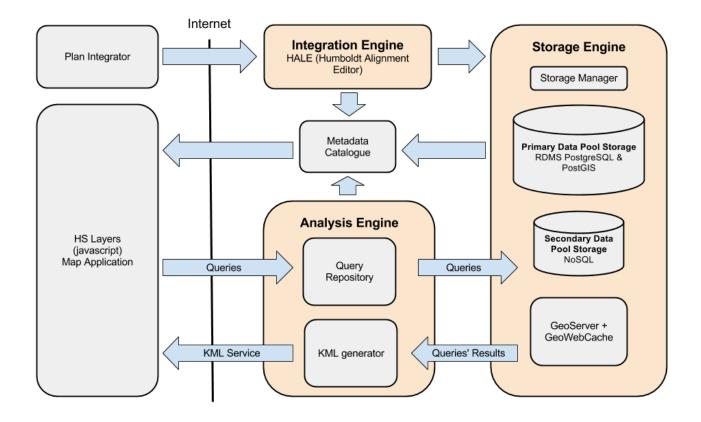
#### **Habitats Reference Laboratory**



#### **Habitats Linked Open Data**



#### **Plan4business** approach



### **Location evaluator**

# PLAN **A**BUSINESS

#### http://whatstheplan.eu/

Select a region, a municipality or a point of interest in Czech Republic to generate a



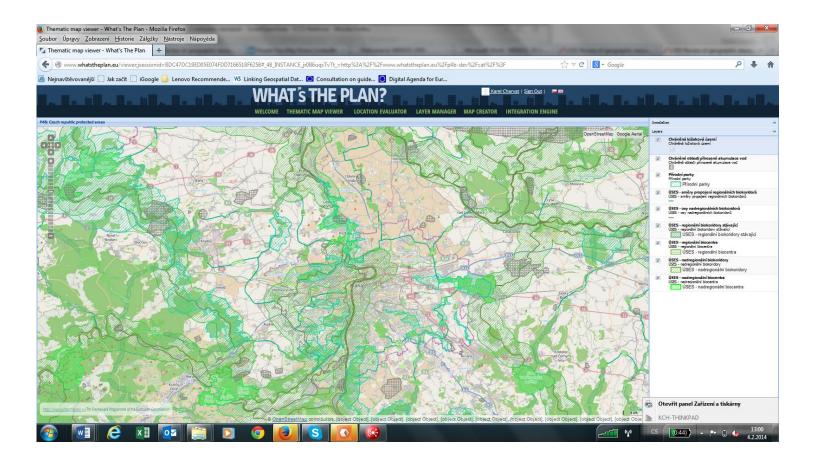
#### REGION REPORT Plzeňský kraj (CZ032) Basic data Demography Total area: 7530 km<sup>2</sup> Total population: 571256 Population aged 0-14: 81010 Population aged 15-64: 398420 Population older than 65: 91826 Population: 571256 Population density: 75.86 inh. per km<sup>2</sup> GDP: 7226.0 mio. EUR 300.00 Total males pop.: 282660 Economical factors Total females pop.: 286596 Males pop. 0-14: 41479 Females pop. 0-14: 39531 Males pop. 15-64: 202904 200 0 GDP per inhabitant: 12600.0 EUR Unemployment: 3.6 % 100 00 Females pop. 15-64: 195516 Males pop. 65+: 38277 Females pop. 65+: 53549 12 500 10 000 0-14 15-64 65+ 7 500 5 000 Increase in population: 453 2 500 Crude increase rate: 0.8 ‰ 0 Natural increase in population: -322 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 Crude natural increase rate: -0.6 ‰ - GDP per inhabitant Crude birth rate: 10.0 % Crude death rate: 10.0 % Live births: 5566.0 Intvin Lithuania 7 500 5 000 Bela 2 500 0. 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 Increase in population Bulgaria Greece Gauss

The report contains the newest information published by Eurostat.

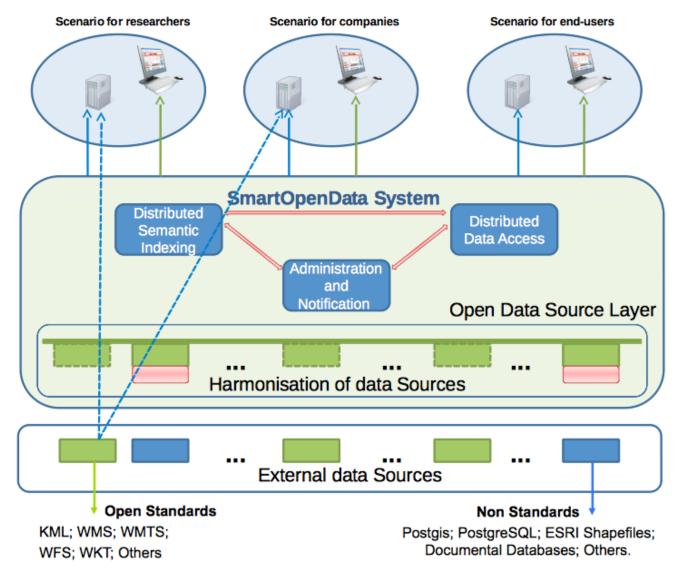
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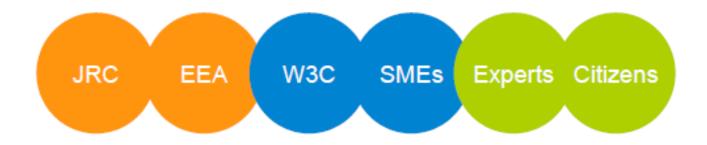
#### **Thematic Map Atlas**



#### **SmartOpenData Architecture**



SmartOpenData = combination of view on environmental data



# **Key innovations**

Distributed semantic indexing providing a service for searching and locating data based on semantic information

- Distributed data access
- Administration and notification, which provides administration facilities for managing users, workflows and data to data providers

# **Expected results**

Sustainable LOD infrastructure to promote environmental protection data sharing among public bodies in the EU
Integration of semantic technologies and approaches
Definition of business models focused on SMEs and based on innovative services

Demonstration of the impact of the sharing and exploiting data and information from many varied resources – pilot applications

# Thank you for attention!

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